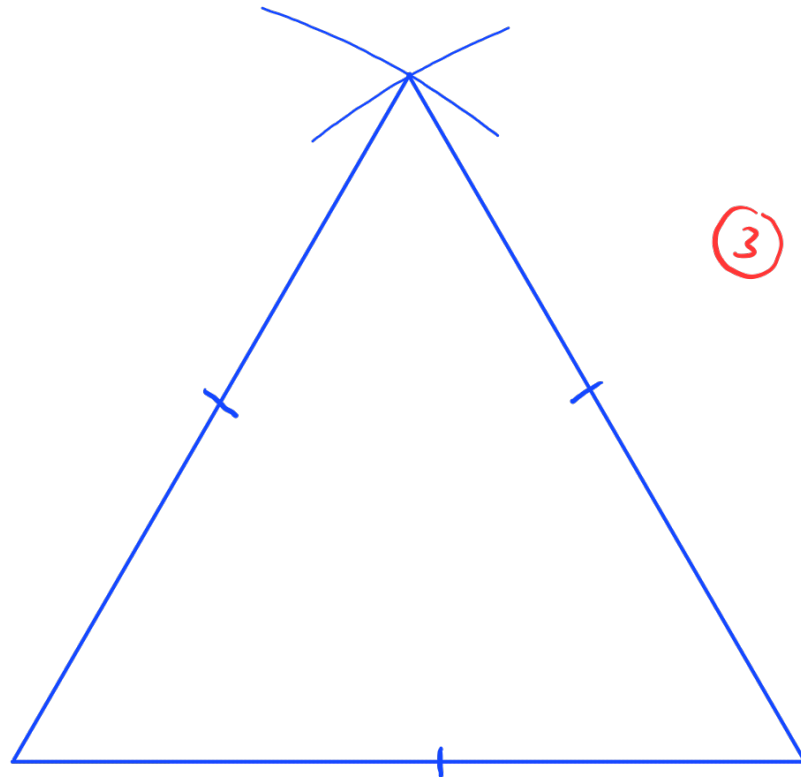


- 1 An equilateral triangle has side length 16 metres.
- Using ruler and compasses only, construct a scale drawing of the triangle.
- Use the scale 1 centimetre represents 2 metres.

**[3 marks]**

**Scale:** 1 cm represents 2 m

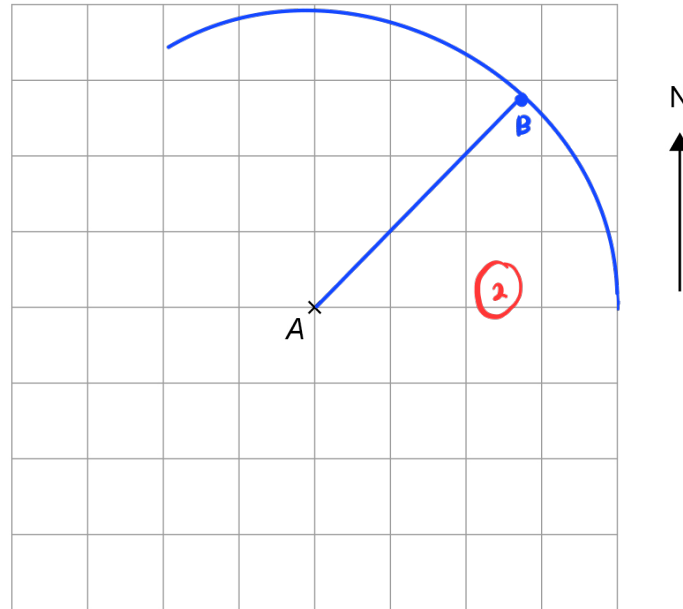


**2 (a)** Point  $B$  is 400 metres north east of point  $A$ .

Mark point  $B$  on the centimetre grid.

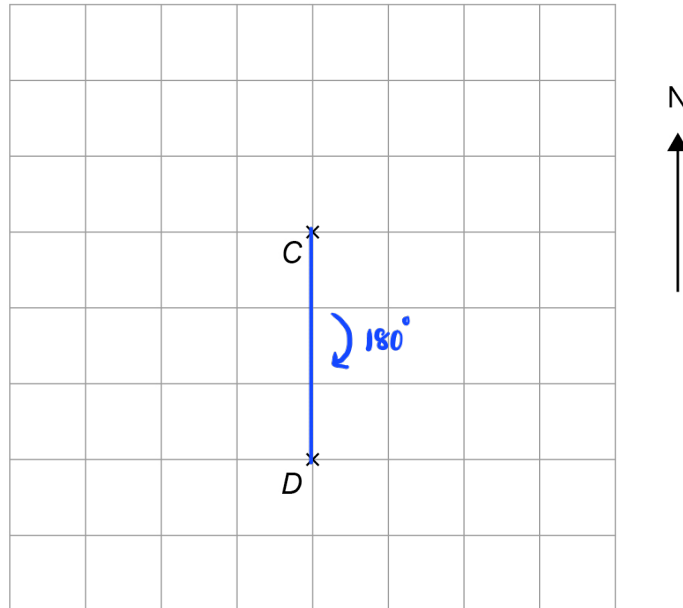
Use a scale of 1 centimetre represents 100 metres.

**[2 marks]**



Points  $C$  and  $D$  are shown on a different centimetre grid.

Scale: 1 : 1000



- 2 (b) Work out the bearing of  $D$  from  $C$ .

[1 mark]

Answer 180 01 °

- 2 (c) Work out the actual distance, in metres, of  $D$  from  $C$ .

Use the scale 1 : 1000

[1 mark]

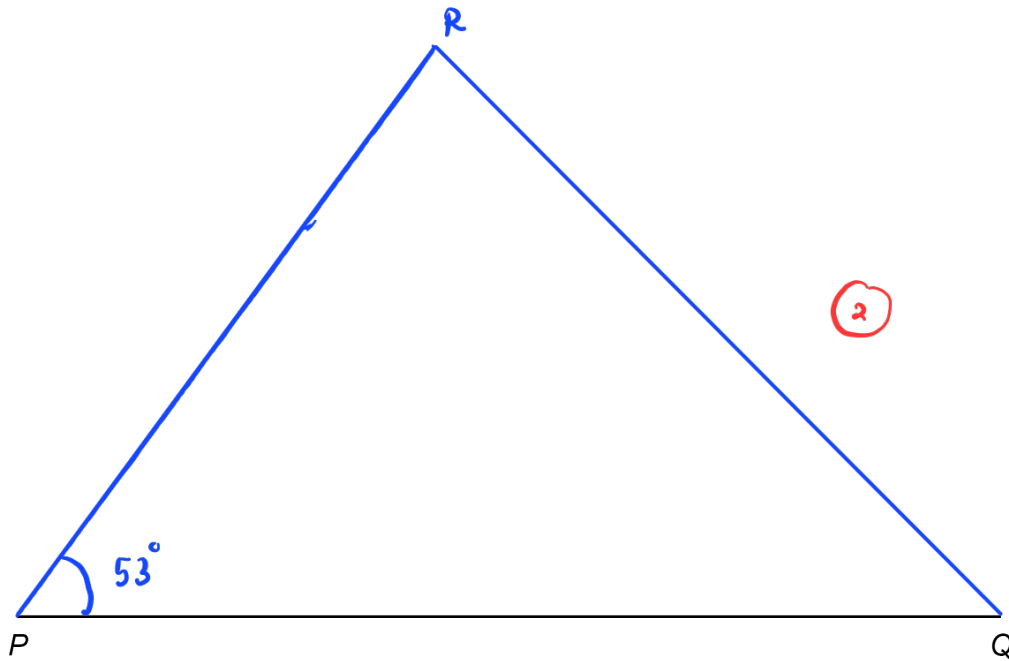
$$3 \text{ cm} = 3000 \text{ cm}$$

$$3000 \div 100 = 30 \text{ m}$$

Answer 30 01 metres

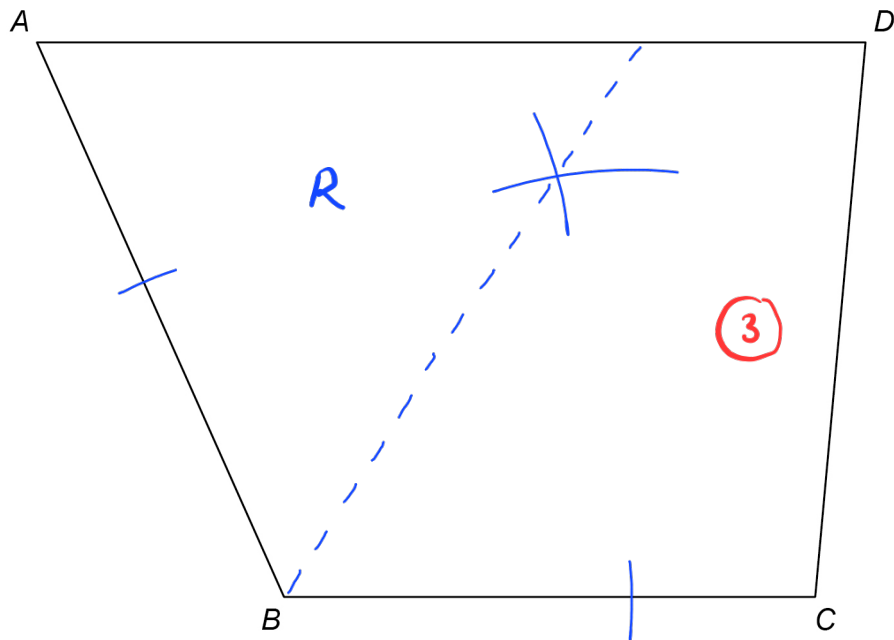
- 3 (a)** Complete an accurate drawing of triangle  $PQR$  so that  
 angle  $QPR$  is  $53^\circ$   
 the length of side  $PR$  is 7.5 cm

[2 marks]



4 Use a ruler and compasses in this question.

$ABCD$  represents a garden.



A tree is to be planted in the garden.

The tree will be in the region that is closer to  $AB$  than to  $BC$ .

Label the region,  $R$ , where the tree could be planted.

Show all your construction lines.

**[3 marks]**

5

Quadrilateral  $ABCD$  has

- angle  $ABC = 90^\circ$
- $BC = 4\text{ cm}$
- $CD$  is parallel to  $BA$
- $CD = 6\text{ cm}$

Draw  $ABCD$  on the centimetre grid.

$AB$  has been drawn for you.

[3 marks]

